

5.1





Ansoft HFSS Design Environment

- The following features of the Ansoft HFSS Design Environment are used to create this passive device model
 - 3D Solid Modeling
 - A Primitives: Cylinders, Boxes
 - M Boolean Operations: Unite, Subtract
 - Boundaries/Excitations
 - Ports: Wave Ports
 - Analysis
 - M Sweep: Fast Frequency
 - Results
 - Cartesian plotting
 - ▲ Field Overlays:
 - 3D Far Field Plots



Getting Started

Launching Ansoft HFSS

1. To access Ansoft HFSS, click the Microsoft **Start** button, select **Programs**, and select the **Ansoft**, **HFSS 10** program group. Click **HFSS 10**.

Setting Tool Options

- To set the tool options:
 - Note: In order to follow the steps outlined in this example, verify that the following tool options are set :
 - 1. Select the menu item *Tools > Options > HFSS Options*
 - 2. HFSS Options Window:
 - 1. Click the General tab
 - ▲ Use Wizards for data entry when creating new boundaries: Checked
 - ▲ Duplicate boundaries with geometry: ☑ Checked
 - 2. Click the OK button
 - 3. Select the menu item *Tools > Options > 3D Modeler Options.*
 - 4. 3D Modeler Options Window:
 - 1. Click the **Operation** tab
 - ▲ Automatically cover closed polylines: ☑ Checked
 - 2. Click the Drawing tab
 - ▲ Edit property of new primitives: ☑ Checked
 - 3. Click the OK button



Opening a New Project

To open a new project:

- In an Ansoft HFSS window, click the □ On the Standard toolbar, or select the menu item *File > New*.
- 2. From the *Project* menu, select *Insert HFSS Design*.



Set Solution Type

M To set the solution type:

- 1. Select the menu item *HFSS > Solution Type*
- 2. Solution Type Window:
 - 1. Choose Driven Terminal
 - 2. Click the **OK** button

Solution Type
🔿 Driven Modal
Driven Terminal
🔿 Eigenmode
OK Cancel



Set Model Units

M To set the units:

- 1. Select the menu item *3D Modeler > Units*
- 2. Set Model Units:
 - 1. Select Units: in (inches)
 - 2. Click the **OK** button

Set Default Material

Calast Definitio

- M To set the default material:
 - 1. Using the 3D Modeler Materials toolbar, choose Select
 - 2. Select Definition Window:
 - 1. Type copper in the Search by Name field
 - 2. Click the OK button

Search by Name	 Search Criteria - 	c	by Property Is	raries 🔽 Sho /s] Materials	w definitions in Project
Search	Relative Permit	tivity	<u></u>		
/Name	Location	Origin	Relative Permittivity	Relative Permeability	Bulk Conductivity
cast_iron	SysLibrary	Materials	1	60	1500000Siemens/m
chromium	SysLibrary	Materials	1	1	7600000Siemens/m
cobalt	SysLibrary	Materials	1	250	10000000Siemens/m
copper	Project	Materials	1	0.999991	58000000Siemens/m
copper	SysLibrary	Materials	1	0.999991	58000000Siemens/m
coming_glass	SysLibrary	Materials	5.75	1	0
cyanate_ester	SysLibrary	Materials	3.8	1	0
diamond	SysLibrary	Materials	16.5	1	0
diamond_hi_pres	SysLibrary	Materials	5.7	1	0
diamond_pl_cvd	SysLibrary	Materials	3.5	1	0
Dupont Type 100 HN Film (tm)	SysLibrary	Materials	3.5	1	0
	10			L.	
/iew/Edit Materials Add	Material	Clone Materi	al(s)	Remove Material(s)	Export to Library

Set Model Units	×
Select units: in	•
🔲 Rescale to new units	
ОК	Cancel

Model

k

🗠 🗸 🖓

vacuum Select...





Creating Annular Rings

- Creating a ring is accomplished by creating a cylinder that represents the outer radius and a cylinder that represents the inner radius. By performing a Boolean subtraction, the resulting geometry is a ring.
- For this model, two sets of rings are necessary. Instead of manually creating both rings, we will create one ring, copy it, and edit the dimensions of the copy.
- Create Ring 1
 - 1. Select the menu item *Draw > Cylinder*
 - 2. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the cylinder position
 - X: 0.0, Y: 0.0, Z: 0.0, Press the Enter key
 - 3. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the radius:
 - M dX: 0.31, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0, Press the Enter key
 - 4. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the height:
 - M dX: 0.0, dY: 0.0, dZ: 5.0, Press the Enter key
- To set the name:
 - 1. Select the **Attribute** tab from the **Properties** window.
 - 2. For the Value of Name type: ring_inner
 - 3. Click the OK button
- **•** To fit the view:
 - Select the menu item View > Fit All > Active View. Or press the CTRL+D key





Creating Annular Rings (Continued)

Create Ring 1 (Continued)

- 1. Select the menu item *Draw > Cylinder*
- Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the cylinder position
 - X: 0.0, Y: 0.0, Z: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the radius: 3.
 - dX: 0.37, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the height: 4.
 - dX: 0.0, dY: 0.0, dZ: 5.0, Press the Enter key

To set the name:

- 1. Select the **Attribute** tab from the **Properties** window.
- 2. For the Value of Name type: ring 1
- 3. Click the OK button
- To select objects to be subtracted:
 - 1. Select the menu item *Edit > Select > By Name*
 - 2. Select Object Dialog,
 - 1. Select the objects named: ring_1, ring_inner
 - 2. Click the OK button

To subtract:

- 1. Select the menu item 3D Modeler > Boolean > Subtract
- Subtract Window 2.
 - Blank Parts: ring 1
 - M Tool Parts: ring inner
 - Clone tool objects before subtract: Unchecked
 - Click the OK button



5.1





Creating Annular Rings (Continued)

Create Ring 2

- 1. Select the menu item *Edit > Select > By Name*
- 2. Select Object Dialog,
 - 1. Select the objects named: ring_1
 - 2. Click the OK button
- 3. Select the menu item *Edit > Copy*
- 4. Select the menu item *Edit > Paste*
- Change the dimensions of Ring 2
 - To change the dimensions of ring_2, expand the model tree as shown below. It should be noted that order of the editing is important. If you make the inner radius > then the outer radius, a invalid object will result and it will be removed from the model.
 - 2. Using the mouse, double click the left mouse button on the CreateCylinder command for ring_2
 - 3. Properties dialog
 - 1. Change the radius to: 0.5 in
 - 2. Click the OK button
 - 4. Using the mouse, double click the left mouse button on the **CreateCylinder** command for **ring_inner1**
 - 5. Properties dialog
 - 1. Change the radius to: 0.435 in
 - 2. Click the OK button







Create Arm_1

Monormatic To create Arm_1

- 1. Select the menu item *Draw > Box*
- 2. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the box position
 - X: -0.1, Y: -0.31, Z: 5.0, Press the Enter key
- 3. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the opposite corner of the base rectangle:
 - M dX: 0.2, dY: -4.69, dZ: -0.065, Press the Enter key

M To set the name:

- 1. Select the Attribute tab from the Properties window.
- 2. For the Value of Name type: Arm_1
- 3. Click the OK button
- M To fit the view:
 - 1. Select the menu item *View > Fit All > Active View*.

Group Conductors

• To group the conductors:

- 1. Select the menu item *Edit > Select All Visible*. Or press the CTRL+A key
- 2. Select the menu item, 3D Modeler > Boolean > Unite





Create the Center pin

To create the center pin

- 1. Select the menu item *Draw > Cylinder*
- 2. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the cylinder position
 - ▲ X: 0.0, Y: 0.0, Z: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- 3. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the radius:
 - M dX: 0.1, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- 4. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the height:
 - M dX: 0.0, dY: 0.0, dZ: 5.1, Press the Enter key

To set the name:

- 1. Select the Attribute tab from the Properties window.
- 2. For the Value of Name type: center_pin
- 3. Click the OK button





Create Arm_2

Monormatic To create Arm_2

- 1. Select the menu item *Draw > Box*
- 2. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the box position
 - X: -0.1, Y: 0.0, Z: 5.1, Press the Enter key
- 3. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the opposite corner of the base rectangle:
 - M dX: 0.2, dY: 5.0, dZ: -0.065, Press the Enter key

To set the name:

- 1. Select the **Attribute** tab from the **Properties** window.
- 2. For the Value of Name type: Arm_2
- 3. Click the OK button

M To fit the view:

1. Select the menu item *View > Fit All > Active View*.





Create the Grounding Pin

M To create the grounding pin

- 1. Select the menu item *Draw > Cylinder*
- 2. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the cylinder position
 - X: 0.0, Y: 1.0, Z: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- 3. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the radius:
 - M dX: 0.0625, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- 4. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the height:
 - M dX: 0.0, dY: 0.0, dZ: 5.1, Press the Enter key

M To set the name:

- 1. Select the **Attribute** tab from the **Properties** window.
- 2. For the Value of Name type: pin
- 3. Click the OK button

Group Conductors

To group the conductors:

- 1. Select the menu item *Edit > Select > By Name*
- 2. Select Object Dialog,
 - 1. Select the objects named: Arm_2, center_pin, pin
 - Note: Use the Ctrl + Left mouse button to select multiple objects
 - 2. Click the **OK** button
- 3. Select the menu item, *3D Modeler > Boolean > Unite*





Create the Wave port

- To create a circle that represents the port:
 - 1. Select the menu item *Draw > Circle*
 - 2. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the center position
 - ▲ X: 0.0, Y: 0.0, Z: 0.0, Press the Enter key
 - 3. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the radius of the circle:
 - M dX: 0.31, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0, Press the Enter key

To set the name:

- 1. Select the Attribute tab from the Properties window.
- 2. For the Value of Name type: p1
- 3. Click the OK button





🖄 vacuum

Set Default Material

To set the default material:

▲ Using the 3D Modeler Materials toolbar, choose vacuum

Create Air

M To create Air

- 1. Select the menu item *Draw > Box*
- 2. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the box position
 - ▲ X: -5.0, Y: -10.0, Z: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- 3. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the opposite corner of the base rectangle:
 - M dX: 10.0, dY: 20.0, dZ: 12.0, Press the Enter key

M To set the name:

- 1. Select the **Attribute** tab from the **Properties** window.
- 2. For the Value of Name type: Air
- 3. Click the OK button

M To fit the view:

1. Select the menu item *View > Fit All > Active View*.

Create Radiation Boundary

- To create a radiation boundary
 - 1. Select the menu item Edit > Select > By Name
 - 2. Select Object Dialog,
 - 1. Select the objects named: Air
 - 2. Click the OK button
 - 3. Select the menu item *HFSS > Boundaries >Assign> Radiation*
 - 4. Radiation Boundary window
 - 1. Name: Rad1
 - 2. Click the **OK** button



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Model



Create Wave Port Excitation 1 (Continued)

To select the object p1:

- 1. Select the menu item *Edit > Select > By Name*
- 2. Select Object Dialog,
 - 1. Select the objects named: p1
 - 2. Click the OK button

To assign wave port excitation

- 1. Select the menu item *HFSS > Excitations > Assign > Wave Port*
- 2. Wave Port : General
 - 1. Name: **p1**,
 - 2. Click the Next button
- 3. Wave Port : Terminals
 - 1. Number of Terminals: 1,
 - 2. For T1, click the Undefined column and select New Line
 - 3. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the vector position
 - **X: 0.31, Y: 0.0, Z: 0.0,** Press the **Enter** key
 - 4. Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the vertex
 - M dX: -0.21, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0, Press the Enter key
 - 5. Click the **Next** button
- 4. Wave Port : Differential Pairs
 - 1. Click the **Next** button
- 5. Wave Port : Post Processing
 - 1. Reference Impedance: 50
- 6. Click the Finish button





Create Infinite Ground Plane

To create an Infinite ground

- 1. Select the menu item *Edit > Select > Faces*
- 2. Graphically select the face of the Air object at Z=0
- 3. Select the menu item *HFSS > Boundaries > Assign> Finite Conductivity*
- 4. Finite Conductivity Boundary window
 - 1. Name: gnd_plane
 - 2. Use Material: 🗹 Checked
 - 3. Click the vacuum button
 - 4. Select Definition Window:
 - Type copper in the Search by Name field
 - 2. Click the OK button
 - 5. Infinite Ground Plane: ☑ **Checked**
 - 6. Click the OK button

Create a Radiation Setup

- To define the radiation setup
 - Select the menu item HFSS > Radiation > Insert Far Field Setup > Infinite Sphere
 - 2. Far Field Radiation Sphere Setup dialog
 - 1. Infinite Sphere Tab
 - 1. Name: ff_2d
 - 2. Phi: (Start: 0, Stop: 90, Step Size: 90)
 - 3. Theta: (Start: -180, Stop: 180, Step Size: 2)
 - 2. Click the OK button

Ansoft High Frequency Structure Simulator v10 User'	s Guide
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Finite Conductivity Boundary
General Defaults
Name: gnd_plane
Parameters
Conductivity: 58000000 Siemens/m
Permeability: 1
Use Material: copper
Infinite Ground Plane
Use Defaults
OK Cancel

5.1



Analysis Setup

Creating an Analysis Setup

- To create an analysis setup:
 - 1. Select the menu item *HFSS > Analysis Setup > Add Solution Setup*
 - 2. Solution Setup Window:
 - 1. Click the **General** tab:
 - Solution Frequency: 0.55 GHz
 - Maximum Number of Passes: 10
 - Maximum Delta S per Pass: 0.02
 - 2. Click the **OK** button

Adding a Frequency Sweep

- M To add a frequency sweep:
 - 1. Select the menu item *HFSS > Analysis Setup > Add Sweep*
 - 1. Select Solution Setup: Setup1
 - 2. Click the **OK** button
 - 2. Edit Sweep Window:
 - 1. Sweep Type: Fast
 - 2. Frequency Setup Type: Linear Count
 - Start: 0.35GHz
 - M Stop: 0.75GHz
 - M Count: 401
 - ▲ Save Fields: ☑ Checked
 - 3. Click the OK button



Save Project

- To save the project:
 - 1. In an Ansoft HFSS window, select the menu item *File > Save As*.
 - 2. From the Save As window, type the Filename: hfss_uhf_probe
 - 3. Click the Save button
- Analyze

Model Validation

- To validate the model:
 - 1. Select the menu item *HFSS > Validation Check*
 - 2. Click the **Close** button
 - Note: To view any errors or warning messages, use the Message Manager.

Analyze

- To start the solution process:
 - 1. Select the menu item *HFSS > Analyze All*

Setup1: Solving Ports on Local Machine -	
Adapting p1, Pass 9	



5.1

Solution Data

M To view the Solution Data:

- 1. Select the menu item *HFSS > Results > Solution Data*
 - M To view the Profile:
 - 1. Click the **Profile** Tab.
 - M To view the Convergence:
 - 1. Click the **Convergence** Tab
 - Note: The default view is for convergence is Table. Select the Plot radio button to view a graphical representations of the convergence data.
 - M To view the Matrix Data:
 - 1. Click the Matrix Data Tab
 - Note: To view a real-time update of the Matrix Data, set the Simulation to Setup1, Last Adaptive
- 2. Click the **Close** button

Simulation: Setup1	<u> </u>		1.	
Profile Convergence Matrix Data				
Number of Passes	26 Apr 2006	An cont Corporation	13:22:61	₩ ¥- ○
Maximum 10			Max M	sg. Dell
Minimum 1	2.60 E-00 1		Tame	Y' <u>+</u>
Max Mag. Delta S Target 0.02 Current 0.015273	2.00 5-00 1			
View: 🔿 Table 🔎 Plot	S 1.60 E-00 1			
X : Pass Number 💽 Y : Max Mag. Delta S	E 1.00 E-00 1			
CONVERGED Consecutive Passes	6.00 E-002			
Current 1	0.00 E+000			
	XY: 12.915-001	Pass Number		



Create Reports

Create Terminal S-Parameter Plot - Magnitude

M To create a report:

- 1. Select the menu item *HFSS > Results > Create Report*
- 2. Create Report Window:
 - 1. Report Type: Terminal S Parameters
 - 2. Display Type: Rectangular
 - 3. Click the **OK** button
- 3. Traces Window:
 - 1. Solution: Setup1: Sweep1
 - 2. Domain: Sweep
 - 3. Click the Y tab
 - 1. Category: Terminal S Parameter
 - 2. Quantity: St(p1,p1),
 - 3. Function: **dB**
 - 4. Click the Add Trace button
 - 4. Click the **Done** button





Far Field Overlays

Create Far Field Overlay

- To create a 2D polar far field plot :
 - 1. Select the menu item *HFSS > Results > Create Report*
 - 2. Create Report Window:
 - 1. Report Type: Far Fields
 - 2. Display Type: Radiation Pattern
 - 3. Click the OK button
 - 3. Traces Window:
 - 1. Solution: Setup1: LastAdaptive
 - 2. Geometry: ff_2d
 - 3. In the **Sweeps** tab, select **Phi** under the **Name** column, and on the drop list, select **Theta**. This changes the primary sweep to Theta.
 - 4. In the Mag tab
 - 1. Category: Gain
 - 2. Quantity: GainTotal
 - 3. Function: dB
 - 4. Click the Add Trace button
 - 5. Click the **Done** button



射频和天线设计培训课程推荐

易迪拓培训(www.edatop.com)由数名来自于研发第一线的资深工程师发起成立,致力并专注于微 波、射频、天线设计研发人才的培养;我们于 2006 年整合合并微波 EDA 网(www.mweda.com),现 已发展成为国内最大的微波射频和天线设计人才培养基地,成功推出多套微波射频以及天线设计经典 培训课程和 ADS、HFSS 等专业软件使用培训课程,广受客户好评;并先后与人民邮电出版社、电子 工业出版社合作出版了多本专业图书,帮助数万名工程师提升了专业技术能力。客户遍布中兴通讯、 研通高频、埃威航电、国人通信等多家国内知名公司,以及台湾工业技术研究院、永业科技、全一电 子等多家台湾地区企业。

易迪拓培训课程列表: http://www.edatop.com/peixun/rfe/129.html



射频工程师养成培训课程套装

该套装精选了射频专业基础培训课程、射频仿真设计培训课程和射频电 路测量培训课程三个类别共 30 门视频培训课程和 3 本图书教材; 旨在 引领学员全面学习一个射频工程师需要熟悉、理解和掌握的专业知识和 研发设计能力。通过套装的学习,能够让学员完全达到和胜任一个合格 的射频工程师的要求…

课程网址: http://www.edatop.com/peixun/rfe/110.html

ADS 学习培训课程套装

该套装是迄今国内最全面、最权威的 ADS 培训教程,共包含 10 门 ADS 学习培训课程。课程是由具有多年 ADS 使用经验的微波射频与通信系 统设计领域资深专家讲解,并多结合设计实例,由浅入深、详细而又 全面地讲解了 ADS 在微波射频电路设计、通信系统设计和电磁仿真设 计方面的内容。能让您在最短的时间内学会使用 ADS,迅速提升个人技 术能力,把 ADS 真正应用到实际研发工作中去,成为 ADS 设计专家...



课程网址: http://www.edatop.com/peixun/ads/13.html



HFSS 学习培训课程套装

该套课程套装包含了本站全部 HFSS 培训课程,是迄今国内最全面、最 专业的 HFSS 培训教程套装,可以帮助您从零开始,全面深入学习 HFSS 的各项功能和在多个方面的工程应用。购买套装,更可超值赠送 3 个月 免费学习答疑,随时解答您学习过程中遇到的棘手问题,让您的 HFSS 学习更加轻松顺畅…

课程网址: http://www.edatop.com/peixun/hfss/11.html

CST 学习培训课程套装

该培训套装由易迪拓培训联合微波 EDA 网共同推出,是最全面、系统、 专业的 CST 微波工作室培训课程套装,所有课程都由经验丰富的专家授 课,视频教学,可以帮助您从零开始,全面系统地学习 CST 微波工作的 各项功能及其在微波射频、天线设计等领域的设计应用。且购买该套装, 还可超值赠送 3 个月免费学习答疑…



课程网址: http://www.edatop.com/peixun/cst/24.html



HFSS 天线设计培训课程套装

套装包含 6 门视频课程和 1 本图书,课程从基础讲起,内容由浅入深, 理论介绍和实际操作讲解相结合,全面系统的讲解了 HFSS 天线设计的 全过程。是国内最全面、最专业的 HFSS 天线设计课程,可以帮助您快 速学习掌握如何使用 HFSS 设计天线,让天线设计不再难…

课程网址: http://www.edatop.com/peixun/hfss/122.html

13.56MHz NFC/RFID 线圈天线设计培训课程套装

套装包含 4 门视频培训课程,培训将 13.56MHz 线圈天线设计原理和仿 真设计实践相结合,全面系统地讲解了 13.56MHz 线圈天线的工作原理、 设计方法、设计考量以及使用 HFSS 和 CST 仿真分析线圈天线的具体 操作,同时还介绍了 13.56MHz 线圈天线匹配电路的设计和调试。通过 该套课程的学习,可以帮助您快速学习掌握 13.56MHz 线圈天线及其匹 配电路的原理、设计和调试…



详情浏览: http://www.edatop.com/peixun/antenna/116.html

我们的课程优势:

- ※ 成立于 2004 年, 10 多年丰富的行业经验,
- ※ 一直致力并专注于微波射频和天线设计工程师的培养,更了解该行业对人才的要求
- ※ 经验丰富的一线资深工程师讲授,结合实际工程案例,直观、实用、易学

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